

HARVEST	21ST of September 2006; yield: 39 q.li/ha (28 hl/ha).	
GRAPE VARIETIES	Sangiovese. Training form: one armed cordon.	
CLIMATE	We have a warm microclimate, often ventilated by southwest and north winds. Particularly notable are frequent large temperature differences between day and night. The beautiful and dry weather during the flowering and color change periods of the grapes were the basis for a very good year. The vines had enough available water because of above-average rainfalls during July. In May, June and September we had dry northeasterly winds which protected the grapes from fungus infection. Despite a hail storm on Pian dell'Orino during the second week of September, the grapes ripened slowly and efficiently. Sunny days and cool and dry nights allowed for a perfect ripening of the rather thick-skinned Sangiovese grape, and therefore 2006 is an exceptionally good vintage.	
SOIL	The geological formation of this soil dates back to the Cretaceous period. This vineyard is characterized by the "Santa Fiora" formation, called also "Alberese". It is calcareous (marl) with a very high content of calcium. The mix of gravel, sand and clay forms a brittle soil rich in rock fragments. Its origins go back to the geologic uplift between the Cretaceous and Tertiary periods.	
VINEYARDS		
	Tecnical description of the vineyard Cancell SurFace of THE VINEYARD: 5695mq	
	YEAR OF PLANTING: 1997 GRAPE VARIETY: Sangiovese (different clones) ROOTSTOCK: 420A PLANTING DENSITY: 2,7m x 1m TRAINING SYSTEM: one armed cordon SOIL TEXTURE: LS (S34/L42/A24) MEDIUM HEIGHT OVER SEE LEVEL: 340m INCLINATION: 12°	EXPOSITION: South GEOLOGICAL ORIGIN: Santa Fiora Formation (upper Cretaceous – lower Paleocene). The Santa Fiora Unit (or Monte Morello Formation or Alberese) belongs to the intra-Austroalpine Unit and consist of limestones, marly limestones, marls and sandstones (upper Paleocene – medium-upper Eocene) Gravel, sand and silt (Pliocene) Pelitic-arenaceous Lithofacies – Pietraforte Formation (upper Cretaceous)
VINIFICATION	Like every year, our grapes underwent a very thorough selection process on the table. The spontaneous fermentation didn't start until 4 days in and proceeded rather slowly. It took 5 weeks until all the sugar had been transformed. The temperature during fermentation did not exceed 33°C. The must macerated for 6 weeks on the skins. During the second week of November the young wine was drawn off, matured for 12 month in 2 5hl oak barrels and then for another 30 month in a 10hl oak barrel. The malolactic fermentation took place in oak in late spring 2007. Neither artificial yeast nor any other enzymatic or technological additives were used during the whole process of transformation of the wine, in order to maintain the characteristic taste of the vineyards where the grapes come from.	
TECHNICAL DATA	ALCOHOL CONTENT14,42[vol.%]RESIDUAL SUGARS1,9[g/l]TOTAL SO232[mg/l]FREE SO211[mg/l]	PH 3,59 Total Acidity 6.6(g/l) Dry extract 30,50(g/l)
BOTTLING DATE	On June 27, 2011, we bottled 448 750ml bottles, 379 1.5L Magnums and 29 3L double Magnums of Brunello di Montalcino docg Riserva 2006 without using any filtration.	
AVAILABILITY	April 2013	